

Center for Libertarian Studies

Occasional Papers Series

1. Methodology of the Austrian School, Lawrence H. White. A historical study of the development of the subjectivist method of economic analysis. The focal point of Austrian analysis is the purposeful, acting individual, rather than aggregates or other “macro” constructs.

2. The Production of Security, Gustave de Molinari (translated by J. Huston McCulloch). A coherent and logically argued proposal for free-market defense services by a leading 19th-century French laissez-faire economist.

3. Toward a Reconstruction of Utility and Welfare Economics, Murray N. Rothbard. A close critical inspection of the assumptions underlying orthodox welfare economics with a call for a sounder basis upon which to ground policy analysis.

4. The Political Economy of Liberal Corporativism, J.R. Stromberg, R.A. Childs, Jr., R. Alexander. Historical investigations into the decline of market capitalism and the rise of State capitalism in early 20th-century America.

5. Theory of Classical Liberal “Industrielisme,” Augustin Thierry (translated by Mark Weinburg). Observations on individual liberty by a major historian and social analyst of the French Restoration.

6. Why the Futile Crusade? Leonard P. Liggio. A critique of capitalism’s preeminent “contradiction”—its alleged dependence on foreign adventurism and exploitation—from the perspective of the American “Old Right,” or classical-liberal, position.

7. The Clash of Group Interests and Other Essays, Ludwig von Mises. Explains the process by which market arrangements for social and economic coordination have historically been supplanted by State power and an ultimate reversion to new forms of caste society.

8. The Austrian Theory of the Trade Cycle and Other Essays, Ludwig von Mises, Gottfried Haberler, Murray N. Rothbard, Friedrich A. Hayek. Theoretical analyses of business fluctuations and the effects of inflation. Highlighted are such Austrian concepts as the role of relative prices, faulty expectations, and the misdirection of capital and labor brought on by monetary disturbances.

9. Medical Malpractice: The Case for Contract, Richard A. Epstein. Observes that recent trends in malpractice law point toward a reversion to forms of law characteristic of a status society. A case is made for putting the doctor-patient relationship on a sounder, contractual basis.

10. Frank S. Meyer: The Fusionist as Libertarian, Murray N. Rothbard. Demonstrates that the late conservative political theorist, F.S. Meyer, was basically a libertarian and that Meyer’s Fusionism breaks down under analysis to either libertarianism or traditional conservatism.

All papers are \$4.00 each. The complete set of 10 papers can be purchased for \$35.00.

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